



## **Statewide Tax Administration**

- Income (6%)
  - Individual
  - Corporate
- Sales & Use (6% 8%)
- Property (1/4 mil)
- Motor Fuel (\$0.30 per gallon June 1)
- Alcohol & Tobacco
- Miscellaneous



- Law Enforcement
  - Alcohol
  - Tobacco
  - Coin Operated Amusement
- License & Permits (3 tiers)
  - Retail / Retail Consumption
  - Wholesale
  - · Importers / Broker / Manufacturer
- Excise Tax
  - Processing
  - Collections





## **Motor Vehicle**

State Database (8.6m vehicles)

- License Plates/Tags
  - Production
  - Distribution
- Registrations
- Titling
- Insurance





## **Miscellaneous**

- Local Government Services
- Unclaimed Property
- Lottery Pre-Clearance

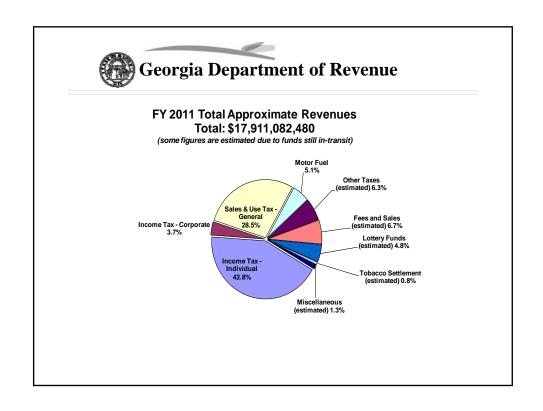


#### **Current Staffing**

• 1482 Employees

#### **Statewide Locations**

- 10 Regional Offices
   Albany, Athens, Atlanta, Augusta, Columbus, Douglas, Lithia Springs, Macon, Rome and Savannah
- Metro ATL HQ
- Hapeville Processing Center & Motor Vehicles





#### **Georgia Tax Revenues**

	FY 2008 Reported	FY 2009 Reported	FY 2010 Reported	FY 2011 Actual
Taxes: Revenue	·	·	•	
Income Tax - Individual	\$8,829,480,886	\$7,814,552,113	\$7,016,412,171	\$7,658,952,788
Income Tax - Corporate	941,966,726	694,718,310	684,700,740	671,171,606
Sales and Use Tax - General	5,796,653,340	5,306,490,689	4,864,691,463	5,098,137,310
Motor Fuel	994,790,336	884,091,188	854,359,788	921,070,039
Tobacco Taxes	239,691,526	230,271,910	227,180,405	228,461,921
Alcoholic Beverage Tax	167,397,928	169,668,539	169,019,330	159,028,266
Estate Tax	12,325	82,990		
Property Tax	80,257,696	83,106,994	86,228,331	76,286,025
Taxes: Other				
Insurance Premium Tax	348,218,618	314,338,992	274,367,273	360,669,593
Motor Vehicle License Tax	296,648,374	283,405,915	282,515,540	295,338,386
Total Taxes	\$17,695,117,755	\$15,780,727,640	\$14,459,475,041	\$15,469,115,937



## **National Comparison**

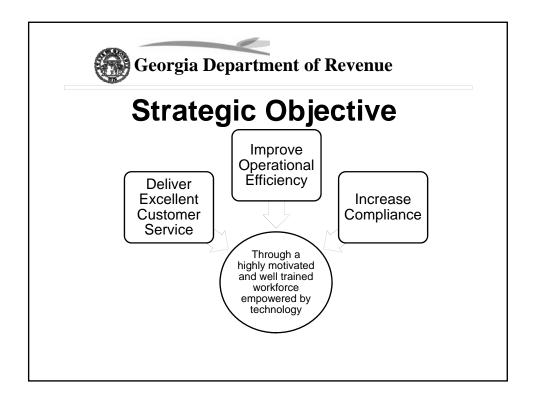
**All State Taxes** 

	2008		2009		2010
Rank	Per Capita	Rank	Per Capita	Rank	Per Capita
44th	\$1,863	48th	\$1,636	49th	\$1,492

#### **Local Taxes**

	2008
Rank	Per Capita
24th	\$1,605

Source: GA State Fiscal Research Center





#### **Customer Service**

- Answer the phones!
  - Calls Answered increased from 22,999 in May of 2010 to 58,890 in May 2011.
  - Average Speed of Answer decreased from 14 minutes in 2010 to 28 seconds in May 2011.
  - Missed calls decreased from 60% to 6%
- Website
- Morale of workforce





## Georgia Department of Revenue

#### **Customer Service**

- Payment Plans
- Offer-in-Compromise





#### Georgia Department of Revenue

## **Increase Operational Efficiency**

#### Major Technology Initiatives

- Integrated Tax System transform 23 disparate systems into a consolidated platform
- Georgia Tax Center electronic selfservice portal
- Tax Compliance Data Warehouse identify non-registered businesses for Sales and Use Tax, Withholding, and Corporate Tax



## **Increase Operational Efficiency**

Integrated Tax System (ITS)

- Tax Types
- **Live Date**  Sales Tax May 2009
- Withholding
  - Dec 2009 Oct 2010
- Corporate Individual
- Nov 2011 (Scheduled)
- Alcohol & Tobacco, Motor Fuel & Other
- Aug 2012 (Scheduled)



**Georgia Department of Revenue** 

## **Benefits of Using GTC**

Self Service – Customers can do the following:

- Register for access and view info online
- · File returns on-line
- · Submit an amended return
- · Make payments
- · Request a waiver of penalty
- · Request a refund
- Request address corrections/changes, file a protest



#### Georgia Department of Revenue

## **Increase Operational Efficiency**

Increase percentage of electronically filed returns

 3.27 million individual returns (76%) filed electronically in FY 2011

Implement Check 21 technology  Reduced check deposit time from 4 days to 3 days in FY 2011



#### Georgia Department of Revenue

## **Increase Operational Efficiency**

Implemented postcard project to mail tax booklets upon request

Pilot project to issue debit cards instead of refund checks

ACH Payments – Electronic debit and credit payments no longer required to be sent 2-3 days before statutory due date



## Increase Compliance

\$9.04M appropriated in FY2011

Position Title	FY 2010 Positions	Additional Positions	Cost	FY 2011 Collections
Tax Compliance Auditors	122	95	\$6,175,000	\$15,089,000
Revenue Agents	203	40	2,200,000	31,530,000
Special Investigation Agents	4	6	495,900	
Fraud Detection Group				
Financial Analysts	6	4	181,000	35,500,000
TOTAL	353	153	\$9,051,900	\$82,119,000



## Increase Compliance

\$13M appropriated in FY2012

Position Title	Additional Positions	Cost	Estimated FY12 Collections
Tax Compliance Out of State Auditors	14	\$1,900,000	\$2,800,000
Revenue Agents (Field)	55	4,130,000	19,200,000
New Regional Office (North East GA)	22	1,593,000	8,300,000
OSI Financial Analysts	12	632,000	14,700,000
Alcohol and Tobacco Investigators	10	983,000	1,600,000
Excise Tax Auditors	3	195,000	500,000
Call Center Staff (+20 seasonal temps)	20	1,220,000	
Revenue Processing Temp Staff		2,350,000	
TOTAL	136	\$13,003,000	\$47,100,000



## **Increase Compliance**

# Investigate and Prosecute Tax and Preparer Fraud

- 2/2/10 Alexander Brown, a former employee of Georgia Public Broadcasting ("GPB")
- 11/16/10 David Drucker, a Whitfield County physician
- 3/30/11 Hugh Zeigler, a Brunswick restaurant owner
- 4/12/11 Quintia Brown and Deantionne Wolfe
- 4/14/11 Lawanda Harkness, a former DOR staffing agency employee
- 5/11/11 Daniel and Holly Kaylor and Misti Butler, Fannin County cabin rental owners
- 5/24/11 Jackie Young Elvine, a Twiggs County tax preparer
- 6/3/11 Mary Jeanette Jamieson, a former state representative



## 2011 Legislation



# Georgia Department of Revenue

#### Income Tax

**HB 117** – The person or entity identified as the seller on a real property settlement statement shall be considered the seller for purposes of nonresident withholding on the sale of Georgia real property.

**HB 168** – Annual Update Bill; for 2010 and 2011 tax years, adopts certain provisions of recent federal tax acts for Georgia income tax return purposes.

HB 325 - Makes changes to the Qualified Education Expense Income Tax Credit:

- \$50M credit cap will now be increased annually until January 1, 2018 based on the Consumer Price Index.
- The Department no longer needs to require notarized approval from the taxpayer to send notice of the taxpayer's preapproval to the Student Scholarship Organization (SSO).
- The taxpayer now has 60 days instead of 30 days after preapproval to make the contribution.
- The Department must establish a web-based donation approval process and update the remaining cap amount on its website.
- Provides that the donor's tax credit is not affected if preapproval was granted before a sanctioned SSO is removed from the DOE approved SSO list.
- Effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011.



#### Income Tax (continued)

**HB 346** – Deferred Comp Earned by Nonresidents; Conservation Credit Now Transferable; Clean Energy Credit.

- Nonresidents are generally taxable on deferred comp attributable to Georgia; as a transition rule, tax applies only to that portion of stock option income or deferred compensation income earned by nonresidents on or after January 1, 2011.
- The Georgia portion is determined using a "days worked in Georgia" method.
- Conservation Income Tax Credits can be sold beginning with the 2012 tax year.
- Proper notice of sale must be given to DOR, and the buyer is subject to the seller's remaining credit carry-forward period.
- If the seller was not entitled to the credit, the Department will disallow the credit claimed by the buyer.
- Clean Energy Property Tax Credit is extended 2 years to clean energy property placed into service by December 31, 2014.
- For credits allowed for calendar years 2012, 2013, and 2014, the credit must be taken in four equal installments beginning with year first allowed.
- Cap is increased from \$2.5M to \$5M for calendar years 2012, 2013, and 2014.
- Once the cap is reached, the Commissioner shall add taxpayers to a waiting list for the following years, prioritized by the date of the taxpayer's application.



#### Sales & Use Tax

HB 168 - Revises the sales and use tax laws in Title 48 to enable Georgia to become a full member of the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement as of August 1, 2011.

- Modifies and/or adds definitions for dietary supplements, over the counter drugs, tobacco, food and food ingredients, prosthetic devices, and sales price;
- For the sales tax bad debt deduction, adopts the Internal Revenue Code definition of bad debt, adjusted to exclude:
  - financing charges or interest;
  - sales or use taxes charged on the purchase price;
  - uncollectible amounts on property that remain in the possession of the seller until the full purchase price is paid;
  - expenses incurred in attempting to collect any debt; and
- repossessed property;
- Allows a refund claim when bad debts exceed taxable sales for a period, without interest;
- Allows dealers 120 days from a DOR request to document an exempt sale;
- Effective April 27, 2011.

HB 234 - Extends the sales tax exemption for aircraft parts sold in the course of maintenance or repair.

- Also enacts the 'Georgia Tourism Development Act', which creates a program of tax refunds for companies creating new tourism attractions or expanding existing tourism attractions.
- Up to 25% of the qualified costs can be recovered from refunds of the sales and use taxes collected at the attraction over a period up to ten years.
- Effective July 1, 2011.



## Sales & Use Tax (Continued)

**HB 240** – Creates referendum procedures for special purpose local option sales taxes so that a project can be declared infeasible and a replacement project can be designated.

HB 256 - Repeals the existing 911 charge for prepaid wireless service collected by the Department of Community Affairs.

- Replaces it with a new 911 fee of 75 cents per retail transaction to be collected at the retail point of sale, to be administered by the Department of Revenue.
- Effective January 1, 2012.

HB 322 - Amends the jet fuel exemption for qualifying airlines to allow up to \$20M of exemption on state sales and use taxes in the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012.

- Up to \$10M of state sales and use tax exemption is available for the subsequent fiscal year, and then the exemption shall expire.
- The exemption also applies to the 1% Clayton County (and any other county's) special purpose local option sales tax.
- Also repeals a statutory sunset date so that the revenue commissioner's authority to make distributions of unidentifiable sales and use tax proceeds is made permanent.



#### Alcohol & Tobacco

**SB 10** – Provides for local authorization of Sunday sales of alcoholic beverages by local referendum.

• Effective April 28, 2011.

**SB 121** – Allows sales of distilled spirits and wine on public and Dept of Natural Resources golf courses.

- · Currently only malt beverage sales are permitted.
- Effective May 12, 2011.



#### **Property**

HB 95 - Amends the Forest Land Protection Act

- If a single tract is required to have separate covenants because it crosses county lines, the total acreage can be combined to meet the 200 acre minimum requirement for each county covenant.
- After partial conveyance of a tract under a FLPA covenant, if either the owner of the retained portion or the transferred portion breaches the covenant, only the owner of the portion in breach is liable for the penalty and interest; the portion not in breach continues under the original covenant. A breach no longer implicates the entire original tract.
- Effective May 11, 2011.



#### Motor Vehicle

**HB 112** – Effective July 1, 2011, all motor carriers must attend an educational seminar and provide certification to DOR on motor carrier operations and safety regulations.

- A non-resident motor carrier must designate a Georgia service agent to DOR.
- Effective November 1, 2011, the Department must provide temporary license plates to registered distributors; dealer will be required to report the issuance of a dealer temporary license plate:
  - o On the Electronic Title and Registration System (ETR);
  - o On the web service provided by one of the dealer associations; and
  - o At the County Tag Office

**HB 114** – Sets the court filing fee on an abandoned vehicle at \$10 and requires the research for the owner's information to extend to the vehicle's state of registration, if there is no Georgia registration.

- If the owner does not claim the "contents," they must be turned over to a local law enforcement agency prior to final sale or disposition of the abandoned vehicle.
- Effective May 13, 2011.

**HB 269** – Effective upon funding of the program, will require DOR to provide a mechanism to report the cancellation of a Certificate of Title on Form MV-1SP and to report the vehicle to NMVTIS.

• Changes the value of a scrap vehicle from \$750 to \$850.

**HB 323** – Effective July 1, 2011, extends the period for application for a certificate of title to perfect the security interest from 20 days to 30 days.